



Chicago Needs the Clean and Affordable Buildings Ordinance

By passing the Clean and Affordable Buildings Ordinance, Chicago will join cities around the nation to require all <u>new</u> buildings to meet an indoor emissions standard – lowering utility costs, improving public health, creating jobs, and reducing pollution.

Why Clean Buildings - The Benefits

- Lower Costs: In recent winters, Chicago gas
 customers paid the highest heating prices in more
 than a decade, and Peoples Gas, after six consecutive
 years of record profits, won a record-breaking \$300
 million rate hike in 2023. An NRDC study showed that
 all-electric new construction can save Chicagoans
 nearly \$1,000 every year.
- Protect Our Health: Burning fossil fuels like methane gas in our homes produces dangerous air pollutants such as carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, fine particulate matter, cancer-causing benzene, and more. This endangers everyone, but is particularly harmful to children and Chicago's most vulnerable communities.
- Protect Our Climate: Fossil fuel use in commercial and residential buildings accounts for more than twothirds of Chicago's climate pollution.
- Create Jobs: Transitioning to clean, efficient homes and buildings will <u>create thousands more good-</u> paying union jobs. Chicago already employs three times more workers in clean building jobs compared to fossil fuel building jobs.

CHICAGO SUN*TIMES

Gas bills hit Chicagoans hard

Peoples Gas, despite record profits, has the most customers struggling to pay their bills of any Chicago-area utility, with the South Side and West Side hit hardest.

What Does the Clean and Affordable Buildings Ordinance Do?

- Requires all **new** buildings to use heating, cooling, water heating, cooking, and clothes drying appliances that can meet an indoor emissions standard.
- Applies to commercial and residential buildings, and building additions over 10,000 sq ft.
- Exemptions include commercial cooking, emergency backup power, industrial production, wood fireplaces, hospitals, and laboratories.
- Goes into effect one year from passage, in alignment with the City's 3-year building code cycle.

CHICAGO SUN*TIMESGo electric in new Chicago buildings

By Ald. William Hall and Ald. Timmy Knudsen | Oct 3, 2023

"Without a managed transition away from gas, Chicago could see a future where the North Side and upper-income communities downtown move away from gas, leaving the rest of the city with the financial burden of replacing aging gas pipes while subjecting residents to more cancer-causing benzene from gas stoves.

This unmanaged, unfair transition happened when Chicagoans moved away from burning coal in their homes in the 1940s, when South Side residents choked on smoke and paid higher bills than those who moved to gas. Now, we must transition from expensive gas to cleaner, cheaper all-electric homes, but this time we must do so in a smart and equitable way.

CABO is the way."

Every day, Chicagoans are struggling to pay their gas bills and risk harmful health effects in their homes due to unhealthy indoor air quality. We must wean off our reliance on fossil fuels, stop the expansion of the fossil fuel system, and move toward a healthier and more affordable future.

The Illinois Clean Jobs Coalition urges the City Council to take immediate action to pass the Clean and Affordable Buildings Ordinance.